

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **SUSTAIN PLUS ENERGY FOUNDATION**
Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **SUSTAIN PLUS ENERGY FOUNDATION** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022 and the Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year then ended, Statement of Cash flow and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its surplus for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with Governance are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in **Annexure A** of this Auditor's Report.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Income and Expenditure and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. No amounts were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

Place: Bangalore
Date: 14th July 2022

For G. Anantha & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
(FRN 005160S)


Rani N.R
Partner

Membership No.: 214318

UDIN: 22214318AMWGMI7929



ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF SUSTAIN PLUS ENERGY FOUNDATION.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SUSTAIN PLUS ENERGY FOUNDATION** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Bangalore
Date: 14th July 2022

For G. Anantha & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
(FRN 005160S)



Rani N.R
(Partner)

Membership No. 214318
UDIN: 22214318AMWGMI7929



Sustain Plus Energy Foundation



Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2022

	Notes	31-Mar-22 Rs.	(In Rs. thousand) 31-Mar-21 Rs.
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders Fund			
Share Capital	2	30.00	30.00
Reserves and Surplus	3	3.36	2.33
		<u>33.36</u>	<u>32.33</u>
Non-Current Liabilities			
Other Long Term Liabilities			
Grants Fund	4	24,327.00	178.44
Assets Capital Fund (Net)	5	29.53	52.10
		<u>24,356.53</u>	<u>230.54</u>
Current Liabilities			
Trade Payables	6	-	-
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	11.80
Other Current Liabilities	7	61.65	25.02
		<u>61.65</u>	<u>36.82</u>
		24,451.54	299.69
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property Plant & Equipment and Intangible Asset			
Property Plant & Equipment	8	29.53	52.10
Intangible Assets		-	-
		<u>29.53</u>	<u>52.10</u>
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	24,391.52	247.59
Other Current Assets	10	30.49	-
		<u>24,422.01</u>	<u>247.59</u>
		24,451.54	299.69
Significant Accounting Policies & Notes on Accounts	1		
This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.			


For, G.Anantha & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Regn. No. : 00 5160 S


Rani N.R.
Partner
Membership No: 214318
UDIN: 22214318AMWGMI7929

Place: Bangalore
Date: 14-Jul-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Manoj Kumar
Director
DIN: 02924675


Harish Handerto Hande
Director
DIN: 00144458



Statement of Income and Expenditure for the period ended 31 March, 2022

	Notes	31-Mar-22 Rs.	(In Rs. thousand) 31-Mar-21 Rs.
Income			
Grant & Donation Income	11	1,825.53	2,074.55
Other Income	12	23.60	83.76
		1,849.13	2,158.31
Expenditure			
Project Expenses	13	956.44	1,074.64
Employee Benefits Expenses		-	-
Operating Expenses	14	867.67	995.97
Finance Costs	15	1.42	2.83
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	8	22.57	82.54
		1,848.10	2,155.98
Surplus / (Deficit) before tax		1.03	2.33
Tax Expense			
Current tax		-	-
Surplus / (Deficit) after tax		1.03	2.33

Significant Accounting Policies & Notes on Accounts 1

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For, G.Anantha & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Regn. No.: 00 5160 S

**Rani N.R**

Partner

Membership No: 214318

UDIN: 22214318AMWGMI7929

Place: Bangalore

Date: 14-Jul-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Manoj Kumar

Director

DIN: 02924675

Harish Handerto Hande

Director

DIN: 00144458



Sustain Plus Energy Foundation



Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March, 2022

	(In Rs. thousand)	
	31-Mar-22 Rs.	31-Mar-21 Rs.
A. Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Surplus before taxation	1.03	2.33
Adjustments for:		
Gratuity	-	-
Depreciation	22.57	82.54
Operating Profit / (Loss) Before Working Capital Changes	23.60	84.87
Working Capital Changes:		
(Increase) / Decrease in Long Term Advances	-	-
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(30.49)	-
Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	-	-
Increase / (Decrease) in Non Current Liabilities	24,125.99	(139.65)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	24.83	(104.62)
Cash Generated From Operations	24,143.93	(159.40)
Income taxes paid	-	-
Net Cash From Operating Activities	24,143.93	(159.40)
B. Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
(Additions)/Deletions made to Non Current Investments	-	-
(Additions)/Deletions made to Fixed assets	-	(71.27)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	-	(71.27)
C. Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of Shares	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Capital Reserve	-	-
Increase/(Decrease) in General Reserve (other than surplus)	-	-
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	-	-
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	24,143.93	(230.67)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	247.59	478.26
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	24,391.52	247.59

Significant Accounting Policies & Notes on Accounts 1

This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date.

For, G.Anantha & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Regn. No. A 00 5160 S



Rani N.R.

Partner

Membership No: 214318

UDIN: 22214318AMWGM17929

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Kumar

Director

DIN: 02924675

Harish Handerto Hande

Director

DIN: 00144458

Place: Bangalore

Date: 14-Jul-2022



Sustain Plus Energy Foundation



Statement of Receipt and Payment for the period ended 31 March, 2022

	(In Rs. thousand)	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening Balance		
Bank	247.59	478.26
Cash in Hand	-	-
	247.59	478.26
Receipts		
Grant Received	25,680.00	2,000.00
Bank Interest Received	277.12	18.66
	25,957.12	2,018.66
Total Receipts	26,204.71	2,496.92
Payments		
Grant Expenses	-	1,074.64
Programme Expenses	886.44	-
Manpower Cost - Consultants	475.20	840.85
Statutory Liability Payment	114.38	82.55
Professional and Legal Services	271.46	160.34
Travelling and Boarding Expnses	45.26	7.14
Communication Expenses	-	4.31
Office expenses	19.03	-
Purchase of Fixed Assets	-	76.67
Bank Charges	1.42	2.83
	1,813.19	2,249.33
Closing Balance		
Bank	24,391.52	247.59
Cash in Hand	-	-
Total Payments	26,204.71	2,496.92

For, G.Anantha & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Regn. No.: 00 5160 S

Rani N.R

Partner

Membership No: 214318

UDIN: 22214318AMWGM17929

Place: Bangalore

Date: 14-Jul-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manoj Kumar

Manoj Kumar

Director

DIN: 02924675

Harish Handerto Hande

Harish Handerto Hande

Director

DIN: 00144458



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

Company Overview

The Company was incorporated on May 13, 2019 under the Indian Companies Act, 2013 with CIN-U85300KA2019NPL124262 and is a non profit company rendering social services to promote energy as enabler for achieving sustainable development goals through decentralised renewable energy solutions. The company promoting energy efficient decentralized renewable energy technologies integrated with different thematic areas towards solving some of the pertinent challenges faced by the rural, tribal and urban communities. Sustain Plus Energy Foundation will scout for, support and scale up sustainable energy access programmes and technologies in order to enhance essential services such as health, education and livelihoods. Company is Registered under section 12AA of Income-tax Act, 1961 vide Reg. No.CIT(E)Bangalore/12AA/2020-21/A/10450 dated 19-Feb-2021 and registered under section 80G(5)(vi) of Income-tax Act, 1961 vide Provisional Approval Number ABCCS0503NF20214 dated 31.05.2021. The Company has its registered office at No. #03, 5th Sector, HSR Layout, 14th Main Road, Bangalore - 560102, Karnataka.

1. Statement on Significant Accounting Policies**1.1 Accounting Convention**

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards referred as per sec 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Companies Accounting Standard rules 2006 amended to Companies (Amended) Accounting standard rules, 2016 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Grant Fund Accounting

- i. Grant funds received are treated as earmarked funds. The utilisations are adjusted against the respective grant funds including the assets purchased. The amounts relating to the assets purchased from the grant funds are disclosed separately in the asset capital fund. Where depreciation/amortization is charged on the assets acquired out of the donations/grant, income is recognised out of the asset capital fund on a systematic and rational basis over the useful life of the asset, i.e to the extent of depreciation/ amortization. Income from interest has been transferred from the income account to the respective grant as an addition and shall be utilized as per terms of grant letter.
- ii. Grant received in kind are accounted at value declared by the donors, in case value is not declared by the donor it is considered at fair market value as on the date of grant received in kind.
- iii. Further expenditure incurred on projects/ programmes in excess of the contribution received from donors are financed either by general fund or considered as amount receivable.

1.3 Revenue Recognition:

- i. Grants received is treated as an earmarked fund as part of the Non-Current Liabilities and all the expenditure are routed through the same. Grants utilised during the year is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Statement.
- ii. Donations received towards specified purpose shall be treated as an earmarked fund in the nature of revenue and the utilisations during the year shall be recognised in the Income and Expenditure statement.
- iii. Other general donations received shall be recognised as income during the year on actual receipt basis.
- iv. Interest on Investments and deposits are recognized on a time proportion basis. The interest income earned out of the grant funds are added back to the respective grant fund as an addition.

1.4 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognised if, as a result of past event, the Company has present legal obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS**For the period ended 31 March, 2022**

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

1.5 Property, Plant and Equipment (Tangible Assets)

Tangible assets are capitalised at their original cost of acquisition including taxes, duties and other incidental expenses related to acquisition and installation of assets concerned. Tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation has been provided on the basis of Straight Line method adopting useful life as per Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except software. In the case of fixed assets acquired during the year the depreciation is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of addition.

Depreciable amount is the original cost of an asset less its residual value at 5% on cost, except in case of intangible assets where the residual value has not been retained.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at costs less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives, on a straight line basis, from the date they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence and other economic factors. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end.

Useful life :

- 1) Computer software - General 1 Year

1.6 Investments

Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in the value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair market value determined on individual basis.

1.7 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and balances with banks. The company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity of six months or less from the date of acquisition and that are convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

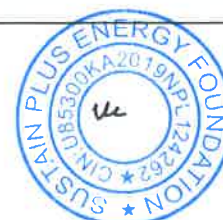
1.8 Taxes on Income

Current tax is determined on the basis of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The income of the company is exempted as per the provision of sections 11 to 13 of the Income-tax Act 1961.

The Company is a non-profit organisation and does not expect any taxable income and hence deferred tax will be considered for recognition as and when it arises.

2 Share Capital

a. Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
Authorised Share Capital				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	1,00,000	1,000.00	1,00,000	1,000.00
	1,00,000	1,000.00	1,00,000	1,000.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each	3,000	30.00	3,000	30.00
	3,000	30.00	3,000	30.00



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

b. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding

Equity Shares	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,000	30.00	3,000	30.00
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,000	30.00	3,000	30.00

c. The rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

d. Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5 per cent shares

Name of Shareholder	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held
Harish Handerto Hande	33%	1,000	33%	1,000
Manoj Kumar	33%	1,000	33%	1,000
Ganesh Satish Neelam	33%	1,000	33%	1,000
	100%	3,000	100%	3,000

e. Disclosure of shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% of Change during the year
Sl. No.	Promoters Name			
i.	Harish Handerto Hande	1,000	33%	0%
ii.	Manoj Kumar	1,000	33%	0%
iii.	Ganesh Satish Neelam	1,000	33%	0%
		3,000	100%	0%

3 Reserves and Surplus

Surplus	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening Balance	2.33	-
Add: Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	1.03	2.33
Closing Balance	3.36	2.33

4 Grant Fund

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening Balance	178.44	306.83
Grants Received during the Year	25,680.00	2,000.00
Grants Utilised during the Year	(1,825.53)	(2,145.83)
Interest & Other Income Credited to Grant	294.09	17.44
Closing Balance	24,327.00	178.44



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

5 Assets Capital Fund

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Opening Balance	52.10	63.37
Add: Transfer during the year from Grant Funds	-	71.27
Less : Assets Appropriation Fund	(22.57)	(82.54)
Closing Balance	29.53	52.10

6 Trade Payables

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Trade Payables		
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	11.80
	-	11.80

Dues to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises

There are no Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises to whom the company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days at the Balance Sheet date other than those disclosed below. The Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises have been identified on the basis of information available with the company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Trade Payable Ageing

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment 31-Mar-22				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment 31-Mar-21				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	11.80	-	-	-	11.80
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

7 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Statutory Liabilities	39.15	1.88
Provision for Expenses	22.50	23.14
	61.65	25.02



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

9 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
a. Balances with banks - In Savings Accounts *	24,391.52	247.59
b. Cash on Hand	-	-
	<u>24,391.52</u>	<u>247.59</u>
* Balance in Savings Accounts		
KMB Savings Account	24,391.52	247.59
	<u>24,391.52</u>	<u>247.59</u>

10 Other Current Assets

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Sundry Debtor	-	-
Advance with Vendor	12.49	-
TDS receivable	18.00	-
	<u>30.49</u>	<u>-</u>

11 Grant & Donations Income

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Grant Income - Grants from FISE	1,825.53	2,074.55
	<u>1,825.53</u>	<u>2,074.55</u>

12 Other Income

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Interest on Savings Accounts	115.13	18.66
Interest on Fixed Deposits	179.99	-
Less: Interest transferred to Grant Fund	(294.09)	(17.44)
Net Interest	<u>1.03</u>	<u>1.22</u>
Miscellaneous Income	-	-
FA Appropriation Income	22.57	82.54
	<u>23.60</u>	<u>83.76</u>

13 Project Expenses

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Grant Expenditure	-	1,074.64
Programme Expenses	956.44	-
	<u>956.44</u>	<u>1,074.64</u>



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

14 Operating Expenses

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Manpower Cost - Consultants	528.00	912.00
Professional and Legal Services*	272.88	71.14
Travelling, Boarding & Conveyance	45.26	6.02
Duties, Rates and Taxes	2.50	2.50
Communication Expenses	-	4.31
Office Maintenance	19.03	-
	<u>867.67</u>	<u>995.97</u>

***Auditors' Remuneration [Included in Professional Charges]**

Statutory Audit	25.00	25.00
Taxation	-	-
Others	-	-
** Excluding GST	<u>25.00</u>	<u>25.00</u>

15 Finance Costs

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Bank Charges	1.42	2.83
	<u>1.42</u>	<u>2.83</u>

16 Imports (Valued On The Cost, Insurance and Freight Basis)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Import of Capital Goods	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

17 Earnings & Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Rs.	Rs.
Earnings in Foreign Currency	-	-
Expenditure in Foreign Currency	-	-



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

18 Related Party Disclosure

(i) Related Party Transactions

Related party	Nature of Transaction	Ref.	31-Mar-22 Rs.	31-Mar-21 Rs.
Foundation For Innovation And Social Entrepreneurship(FISE)	Grant received	18(ii)(d)	25,680.00	2,000.00

(ii) Names of related parties & description of relationship:

Description of relationship	related parties	Ref
Directors	Ganesh Neelam Manoj Kumar Harish Handerto Hande	(a) (b) (c)
Common Director	Foundation For Innovation And Social Entrepreneurship(FISE)	(d)

19 Analytical Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	% Variance	Reason for variance
Current Ratio	24,422.01	61.65	396.14	6.72	98.30%	Grant received towards the year end, hence more bank balance.
Debt-Equity Ratio	-	30.00	-	-	-	-
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on Equity Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Inventory Turnover Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Net Profit Ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Return on Capital Employed	1.03	30.00	0.03	0.08	-126.21%	Reversal of expenses during FY 2020-21
Return on Investment	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

For the period ended 31 March, 2022

(In Rs. thousand except equity share and per equity share data)

- 20 The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax and other material statutory dues, & there are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they have become payable.
- 21 The Company is a Small and Medium Companies (SMC) as defined in the General instruction in respect of Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act. Accordingly the Company has complied with the accounting standards as applicable to a SMC.
- 22 Previous period / year figures have been regrouped / rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable with the figures of the current year.

For, G.Anantha & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Regn. No: 100 5160 S


Rani N.R
Partner
Membership No: 214318
UDIN: 22214318AMWGM17929



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Manoj Kumar
Director
DIN: 02924675



Harish Handerto Hande
Director
DIN: 00144458

Place : Bangalore
Date: 14-Jul-2022



Sustain Plus Energy Foundation



(In Rs. thousand)

Particulars	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Block	
	Opening as on 01-Apr-2021	Additions	Deletions	Closing as on 31-Mar-2022	Opening as on 01-Apr-2021	Additions	Deletions	Closing as on 31-Mar-2022	As on 31-Mar-2022	As on 31-Mar-2021
A) Property Plant & Equipment										
Computers	71.27	-	-	71.27	19.17	22.57	-	41.74	29.53	52.10
Total	71.27	-	-	71.27	19.17	22.57	-	41.74	29.53	52.10
B) Intangible Assets										
Softwares	63.72	-	-	63.72	63.72	-	-	63.72	-	-
Total	63.72	-	-	63.72	63.72	-	-	63.72	-	-
Grand Total	134.99	-	-	134.99	82.89	22.57	-	105.46	29.53	52.10
Previous Year 2020-21	63.72	71.27	-	134.99	0.35	82.54	-	82.89	-	-

Mangikam

